

Gary A. Loew, Director, Programs Integration Division, Civil Works Directorate, Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Mr. Loew is responsible for the development, defense and execution of the approximately \$6 billion annual Corps of Engineers Civil Works program. The Corps' Civil Works program provides the coastal and inland navigation channels that service United States ports; provides flood control reservoirs, levee systems and non-structural flood control projects; develops environmental restoration projects; permits construction that impacts the waterways of the United States. Corps lakes and reservoirs provide water supply, recreation and hydropower in addition to their primary flood control and navigation purposes.

Mr. Loew was formerly the Director of the Programs Management Directorate, at the Southwestern Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). He served in the Dallas office from 1997 through June 2005. In that position, he was responsible for the management of all military design and construction for the Army and the Air Force and for the Civil Works water resources development programs in the southwest region of the United States. While assigned to the Southwestern Division, he also served in Baghdad, Iraq from April to September 2003 as the Director of Planning for Task Force "Restore Iraqi Oil" (RIO).

Prior to his assignment with the Southwestern Division, Mr. Loew served in the Headquarters, USACE for 14 years in several positions. During the period from 1986 to 1996 he was responsible for budget development, defense, resources allocation and execution of several major Civil Works programs. He also chaired groups responsible for headquarters restructuring, implementation of selected legislation, information systems modernization and others.

Mr. Loew earned his Bachelor of Science Degree with majors in Microbiology and Chemistry from the University of Maryland in 1967, his Master of Science (Sanitary Engineering) from the University of Washington in 1968, and has Certificates of Advanced Study from the Johns Hopkins University in 1975 (Environmental Engineering) and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Center for Advanced Engineering Studies, in 1981.